

# Software Design (F28SD2): Exercises in Dynamic Analysis 2

Andrew Ireland  
School of Mathematical and Computer Sciences  
Heriot-Watt University  
Edinburgh

## Exercise 1

Consider the following traffic signal control program. Note that the source code can be found in <http://www.macs.hw.ac.uk/~air/swdesign/code/Controller.java>.

```
// Controller.java:
//
// A simple traffic signal control program --
// an exercise in class invariant construction.
//
// A. Ireland Software Design
//

import java.io.*;

class Colour {
    public static final Colour RED    = new Colour();
    public static final Colour GREEN = new Colour();
    private Colour() {}
}

class Signals
{
    static PrintWriter screen = new PrintWriter (System.out, true);
    private int cycle; // Time
    Colour north;     // Colour signal displayed to north bound traffic
    Colour west;      // Colour signal displayed to west bound traffic

    // Initializes internal cycle time and the colour signals
    // for north and south bound traffic
    public Signals()
    { cycle = 0; north = Colour.RED; west = Colour.GREEN; }

    // Conversion between symbol signal colours and string form
    String convert(Colour sig)
    { if (sig == Colour.RED) return "Red  ";
      else return "Green";
    }

    // Display colours of both signals at time t
    void display_signals(int t, Colour n, Colour w)
    { screen.println("cycle = " + t +
                    " north = " + convert(n) +
                    " west  = " + convert(w));
    }
}
```

```

// Allow north bound traffic to proceed
void proceed_north()
{ if (north == Colour.RED){
    west = north; north = Colour.GREEN;
    display_signals(cycle, north, west);
    cycle++;
  }
}
// Allow west bound traffic to proceed
void proceed_west()
{ if (north == Colour.GREEN){
    west = Colour.GREEN; north = west;
    display_signals(cycle, north, west);
    cycle++;
  }
}
}

class Controller{

    public static void main(String[] args ) throws IOException
    { Signals junction = new Signals();
      while (true){ junction.proceed_north(); junction.proceed_west(); }
    }
}

```

What crucial safety property would you expect of the traffic signal control program? Formulate your safety property as a class invariant for `Signals`, *i.e.* using the Java `assert` feature. Test the actual code using your class invariant. Do you trust the invariant? Do you trust the code?

## Exercise 2

Consider JUnit testing of the `Book` class given in lecture. Your task here is to replicate the unit testing described in the lecture notes and add your own test cases. The `Book` and associated `TestBook` classes can be found in:

<http://www.macs.hw.ac.uk/~air/swdesign/code/mybook/>

Make a copy of these files, before compiling them. In the case of `TestBook.java` you will need to tell the compiler where to find the JUnit classes, *i.e.* `junit-4.8.2.jar`. To achieve this execute the following command line in the `mybook` directory<sup>1</sup>:

```
javac -cp ./usr/java/bluej/lib/junit-4.8.2.jar BookTest.java
```

Finally, to run the unit tests given in lecture execute the following command line:

```
java -cp ./usr/java/bluej/lib/junit-4.8.2.jar junit.textui.TestRunner BookTest
```

Note that `TestRunner` is the java program that runs the tests defined within `BookTest.java`. Congratulations you are now a JUnit tester! Next fix the bug in `Book.java` and retest. Finally experiment by adding your own tests to `TestBook.java` – don't forget to re-compile.

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<sup>1</sup>Note that “cp” is the class path flag. Ideally you should add `./usr/java/bluej/lib/junit-4.8.2.jar` to your `CLASSPATH`.