

# Problem Sheet 5 for Oscillations and Waves

Module F12MS3

2007-08

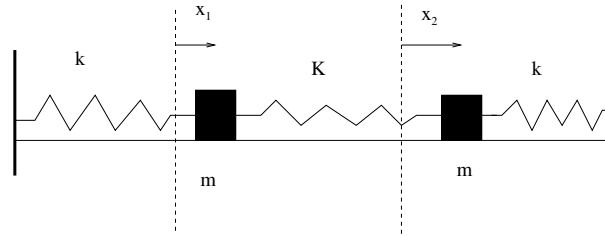


Figure 1: Coupled springs

- 1 Consider two particles, both of mass  $m = 1 \text{ kg}$ , connected by a spring of spring constant  $K = 8 \text{ N m}^{-1}$  as shown in the figure. The particles lie on a horizontal plane and are connected to walls by springs with spring constant  $k = 9 \text{ N m}^{-1}$ . Their motion is restricted to a line containing all three springs.
  - (a) Give the equations of motion for the displacements  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  of the particles from the equilibrium position.
  - (b) Find the normal modes and normal angular frequencies of the system.
  - (c) Particle one is initially displaced  $1 \text{ m}$  to the right and particle two is at the equilibrium position. Then both particles are released from rest. Find the displacements  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  at time  $t > 0$ .
  - (d) Now suppose that both particles are initially at the equilibrium position. Particle two is given an initial speed  $5 \text{ m/s}$  to the right, and particle one is initially at rest. Find the displacements  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  at time  $t > 0$  in this case.
  
- 2 Consider the two particles in the figure above, both of mass  $m$ , connected to walls by a spring of spring constant  $k$  and connected to each other with a spring of spring constant  $K$ .
  - (a) Write down the equations of motion for the displacements  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  of the particles.
  - (b) Hence show that the total energy

$$E = \frac{1}{2}m\dot{x}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2}m\dot{x}_2^2 + \frac{1}{2}kx_1^2 + \frac{1}{2}kx_2^2 + \frac{1}{2}K(x_1 - x_2)^2$$

is conserved during the motion of the particles.

- (c) Express the total energy in terms of the (normalised) normal modes

$$y_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(x_1 + x_2) \quad y_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(x_1 - x_2)$$

and interpret the result.

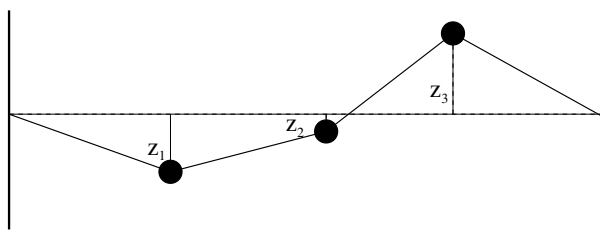


Figure 2: Three beads on a string

- 3** Consider three identical beads on a flexible string whose endpoints are connected to walls. Each bead has a mass of 20 grams. The tension in the string is  $\tau = 1\text{N}$  and the beads are separated from each other and the walls by a distance of  $l = 0.5\text{ m}$ .
- Give the equations of motion for the transverse displacements  $z_1, z_2$  and  $z_3$  of the beads
  - Use the eigenvector method to find the normal modes and the normal angular frequencies of the system. Describe each mode qualitatively.

- 4** Consider the function

$$f(x, t) = \sin(kx) \cos(\omega t),$$

where  $\omega$  and  $k$  are real constants. Show that  $f$  satisfies the equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}$$

where  $c$  is related to  $\omega$  and  $k$  in a way you should determine.