# Problems for Quantum Computing: week 7

#### Module F14ZD1

2007-08

#### 1. Measurement using density operators

Consider a system with Hilbert space  $V = \mathbb{C}^3$ , equipped with the canonical inner product. The observable

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

is measured when the system is in the state with density operator

$$\rho = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0\\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (a) Show that the possible outcomes in the measurement of A are -1 and 1.
- (b) What is the probability of obtaining the outcome -1 in a measurement of A, given that the system is in the state  $\rho$  at the time of the measurement?
- (c) Find the expectation value and standard deviation of A in the state described by  $\rho$ .
- (d) If the outcome 1 is measured, find the density operator of the system after the measurement. (Give your answer as a  $3 \times 3$  matrix.)

#### 2. Entangled states

Show, by an elementary argument, that the so-called Bell state

$$|\Phi^+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( |00\rangle + |11\rangle \right)$$

is an entangled state in  $\mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$ .

### 3. Tensor products

- (a) Compute the tensor products  $X \otimes Y$  and  $Y \otimes X$  for the two matrices  $X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $Y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ .
- (b) Show that the tensor product of two projection operators is a projection operator.
- (c) Show that the tensor product of two Hermitian operators is an Hermitian operator.
- (d) Show that the tensor product of two unitary operators is a unitary operator.

continued overleaf

## 4. Entangled operators

Show that the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

is not of the form  $M \otimes N$  for  $2 \times 2$  matrices M and N.