

Scale-Free Network of Dengue in Singapore

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Model's Equations

$$\frac{dS_H}{dt} = -ab_H I_M \frac{S_H}{N_H} - \mu_H S_H + r_H N_H \left(1 - \frac{N_H}{k_H}\right)$$

$$\frac{dI_H}{dt} = ab_H I_M \frac{S_H}{N_H} - (\mu_H + \alpha_H + \gamma_H) I_H$$

$$\frac{dR_H}{dt} = \gamma_H I_H - \mu_H R_H$$

$$\frac{dS_M}{dt} = p_S (c - d \sin(2\pi ft + \phi))$$

$$\times S_E \theta(c - d \sin(2\pi ft + \phi)) - \mu_M S_M - ab_M S_M \frac{I_H}{N_H}$$

$$\frac{dL_M}{dt} = ab_M S_M \frac{I_H}{N_H} - e^{(-\mu_M \tau_1)} a S_M(t - \tau_1) \frac{I_H(t - \tau_1)}{N_H(t - \tau_1)} - \mu_M L_M$$

$$\frac{dI_M}{dt} = e^{(-\mu_M \tau_1)} ab_M S_M(t - \tau_1) \frac{I_H(t - \tau_1)}{N_H(t - \tau_1)} - \mu_M I_M$$

$$+ p_I (c - d \sin(2\pi ft + \phi)) I_E \theta(c - d \sin(2\pi ft + \phi))$$

$$\frac{dS_E}{dt} = [r_M S_M + (1 - g) r_M I_M] \left(1 - \frac{S_E + I_E}{k_E}\right)$$

$$- \mu_E S_E - p_S (c - d \sin(2\pi ft + \phi)) S_E \theta(c - d \sin(2\pi ft + \phi))$$

$$\frac{dI_E}{dt} = g r_M I_M \left(1 - \frac{S_E + I_E}{k_E}\right) - \mu_E I_E$$

$$- p_I (c - d \sin(2\pi ft + \phi)) I_E \theta(c - d \sin(2\pi ft + \phi)).$$

$$\frac{di_H}{dt} = ab_H \frac{S_H}{N_H} i_M - (\mu_H + \alpha_H + \gamma_H) i_H$$

$$\frac{dl_M}{dt} = ab_M \frac{S_M}{N_H} i_H - \mu_M l_M - e^{(-\mu_M \tau_1)} ab_M \frac{S_M(t - \tau_1)}{N_H(t - \tau_1)} i_H(t - \tau_1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{di_M}{dt} = & e^{(-\mu_M \tau_1)} ab_M \frac{S_M(t - \tau_1)}{N_H(t - \tau_1)} i_H(t - \tau_1) - \mu_M i_M \\ & + p_I(c - d \sin(\Phi)) i_E \theta(c - d \sin(\Phi)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{di_E}{dt} = gr_M \left(1 - \frac{S_E}{k_E} \right) i_M - \mu_E i_E - p_I(c - d \sin(\Phi)) i_E \theta(c - d \sin(\Phi)),$$

$$i_{\mathrm{H}} = c_1 \exp (\lambda t)$$

$$l_{\mathrm{M}} = c_2 \exp (\lambda t)$$

$$i_{\mathrm{M}} = c_3 \exp (\lambda t)$$

$$i_{\mathrm{E}} = c_4 \exp (\lambda t).$$

$$\begin{vmatrix}
-(\lambda + \gamma_{\text{H}} + \alpha_{\text{H}} + \mu_{\text{H}}) & 0 & ab_{\text{H}} \frac{S_{\text{H}}(t)}{N_{\text{H}}(t)} & 0 \\
ab_{\text{M}} \frac{S_{\text{M}}}{N_{\text{H}}} - ab_{\text{M}} e^{(-\mu_{\text{M}} \tau_1)} \frac{S_{\text{M}}(t - \tau_1)}{N_{\text{H}}(t - \tau_1)} e^{-\lambda \tau_1} & -(\lambda + \mu_{\text{M}}) & 0 & 0 \\
ab_{\text{M}} e^{(-\mu_{\text{M}} \tau_1)} \frac{S_{\text{M}}(t - \tau_1)}{N_{\text{H}}(t - \tau_1)} e^{-\lambda \tau} & 0 & -(\lambda + \mu_{\text{M}}) & p_{\text{I}}(c - d \sin \Phi) \\
0 & 0 & gr_{\text{M}} \left(1 - \frac{S_{\text{E}}}{k_{\text{E}}}\right) & \begin{matrix} \theta(c - d \sin(\Phi)) \\ -\lambda - \mu_{\text{E}} - \\ p_{\text{I}}(c - d \sin(\Phi)) \\ \theta(c - d \sin(\Phi)) \end{matrix}
\end{vmatrix} = 0.$$

An approximate threshold

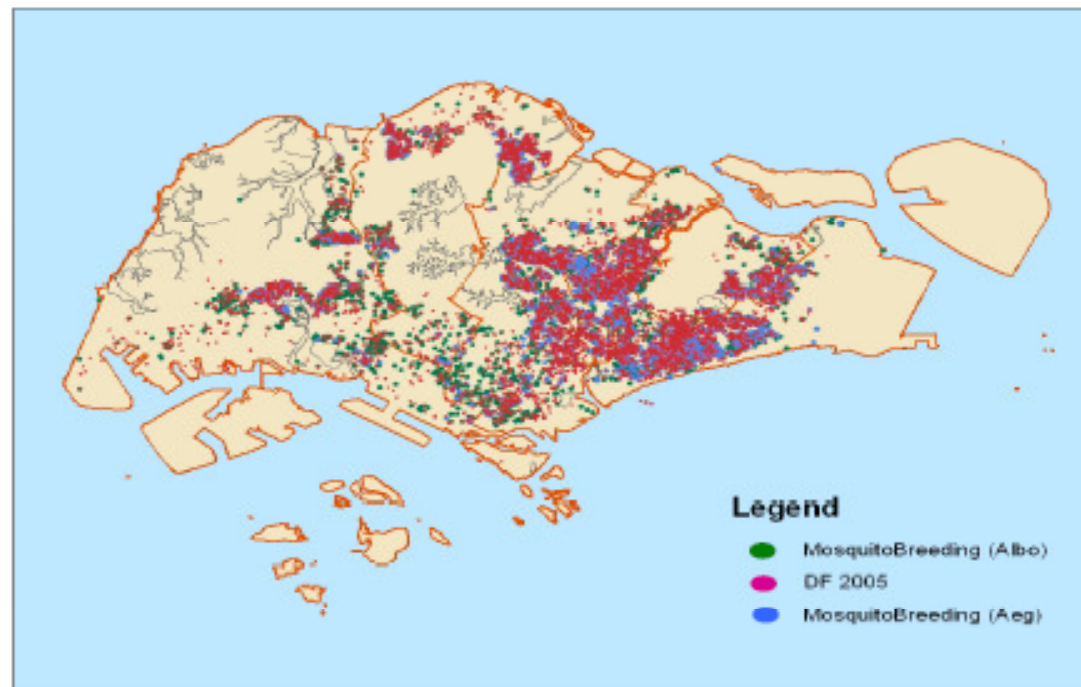
$$R(t) = \frac{ab_M}{(\gamma_H + \alpha_H + \mu_H)} \frac{S_M(t - \tau_I)}{N_H(t - \tau_I)} \frac{a \exp(-\mu_M \tau_I) b_H c}{\mu_M} \frac{S_H(t)}{N_H(t)} \\ + \frac{p_I (c - d \sin \Phi) g r_M \left(1 - \frac{S_E(t)}{k_E}\right) \theta(c - d \sin(\Phi))}{\mu_M (\mu_E + p_I (c - d \sin \Phi) \theta(c - d \sin(\Phi)))} > 1.$$

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial a} = 2 \frac{abc}{(\mu_H + \alpha_H + \gamma_H)} \frac{N_M(t - \tau_I)}{N_H(t - \tau_I)} \frac{e^{-\mu_M \tau_I}}{\mu_M} \quad \frac{\partial R}{\partial \mu_E} = - \frac{p_I c_I g r_M \left(1 - \frac{S_E}{\kappa_E}\right)}{\mu_M (\mu_E + p_I c_I)^2}$$

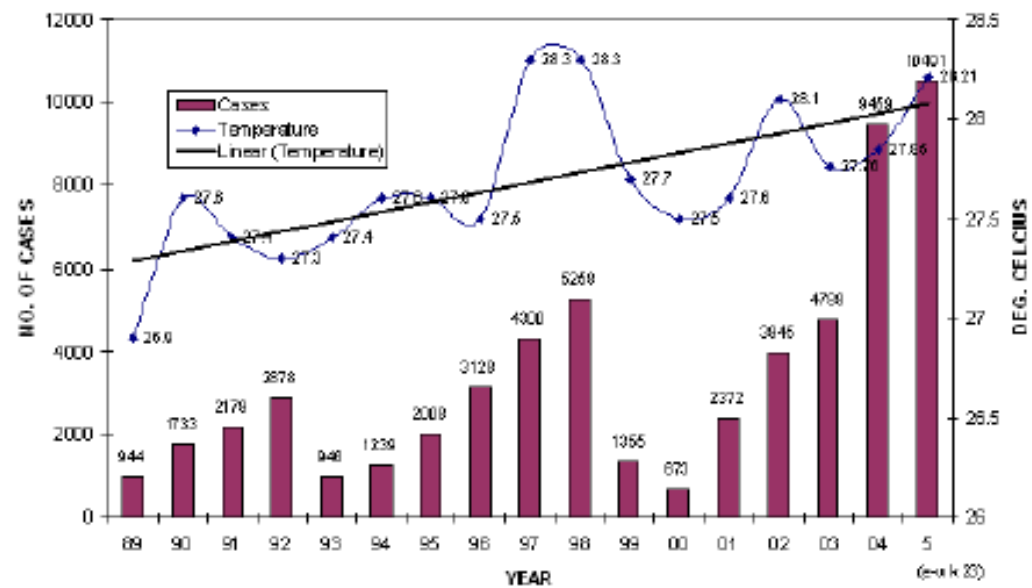
$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial \kappa_E} = \frac{p_I c_I g r_M S_E}{\mu_M (\mu_E + p_I c_I) \kappa_E^2} \quad \frac{\partial R}{\partial ac} = \frac{ab}{(\mu_H + \alpha_H + \gamma_H)} \frac{N_M(t - \tau_I)}{N_H(t - \tau_I)} \frac{e^{-\mu_M \tau_I}}{\mu_M}$$

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial \mu_M} = - \frac{\tau_I a}{(\mu_H + \alpha_H + \gamma_H)} \frac{N_M(t - \tau_I)}{N_H(t - \tau_I)} \frac{a e^{-\mu_M \tau_I} b c}{\mu_M} \\ - \frac{a}{(\mu_H + \alpha_H + \gamma_H) \mu_M^2} \frac{N_M(t - \tau_I)}{N_H(t - \tau_I)} \frac{a e^{-\mu_M \tau_I} b c}{\mu_M} - \frac{\tau_I e^{-\mu_M \tau_I} p_I c_I g r_M \left(1 - \frac{S_E}{\kappa_E}\right)}{\mu_M^2 (\mu_E + p_I c_I)}$$

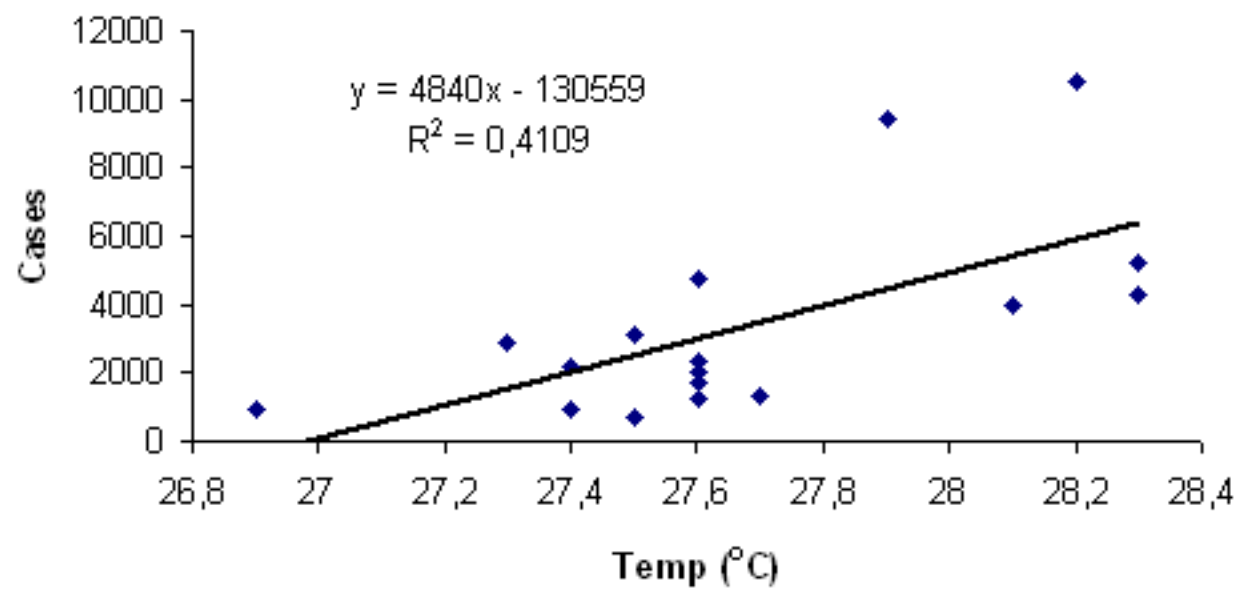
DISTRIBUTION OF DF/DHF CASES & AEDES MOSQUITO BREEDING, 2005

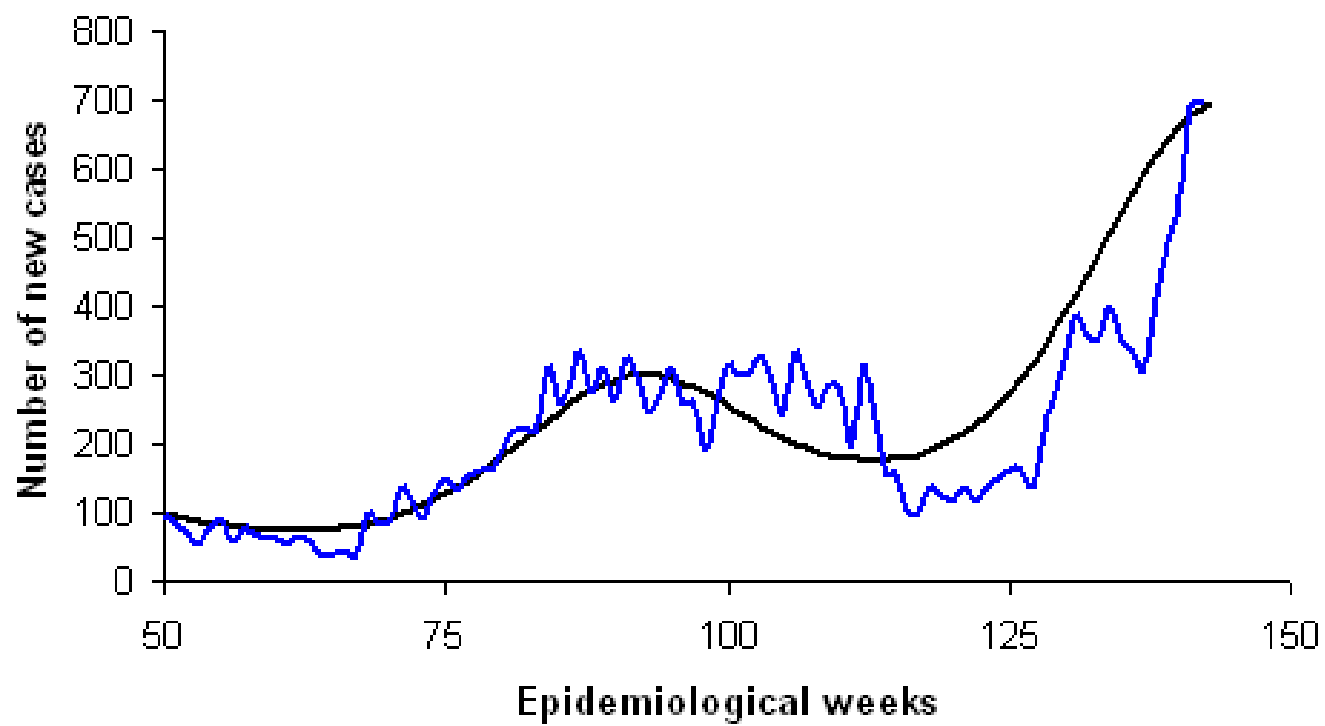


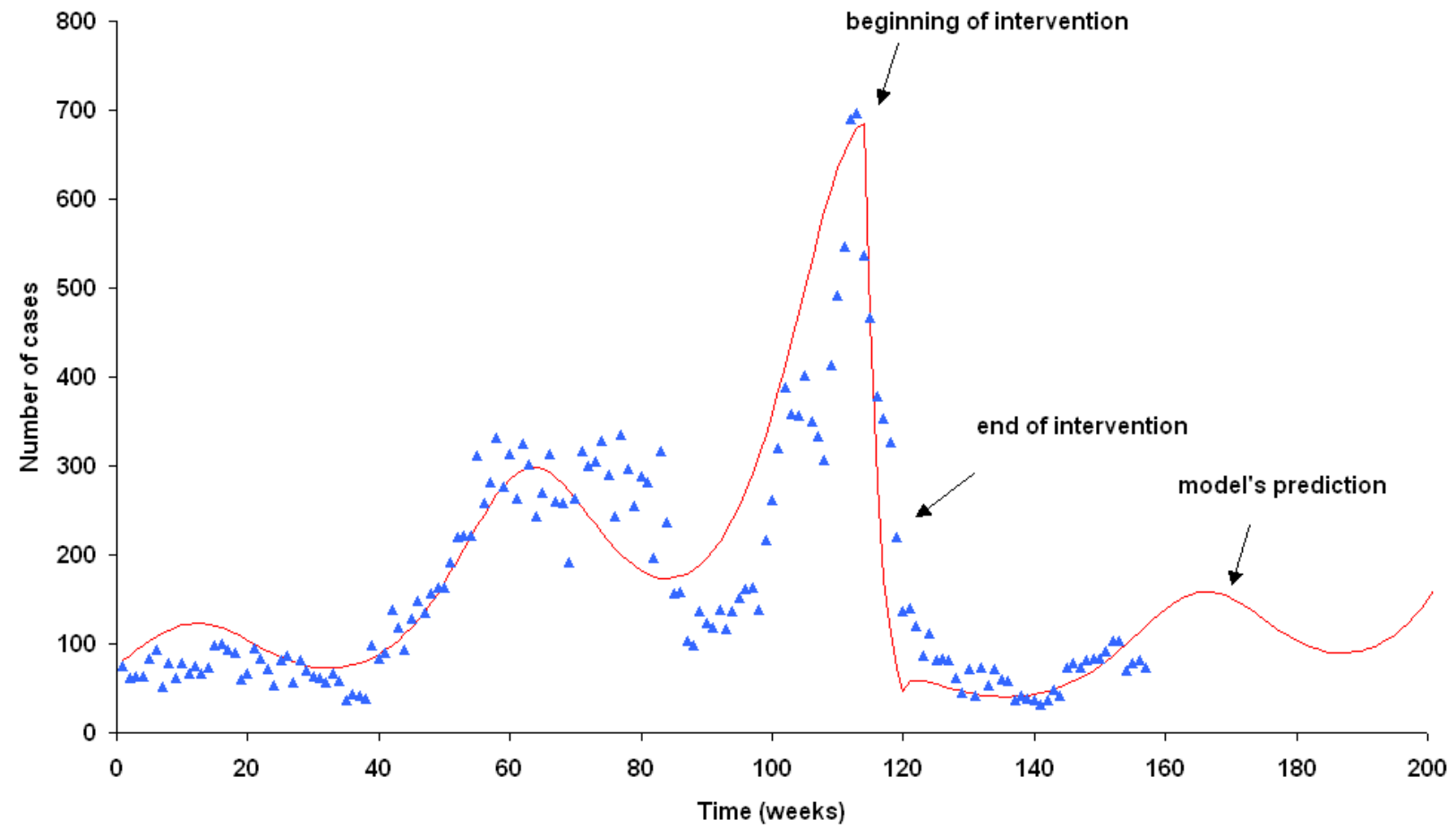
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE AND REPORTED DF/DHF CASES, 1989 - 2005



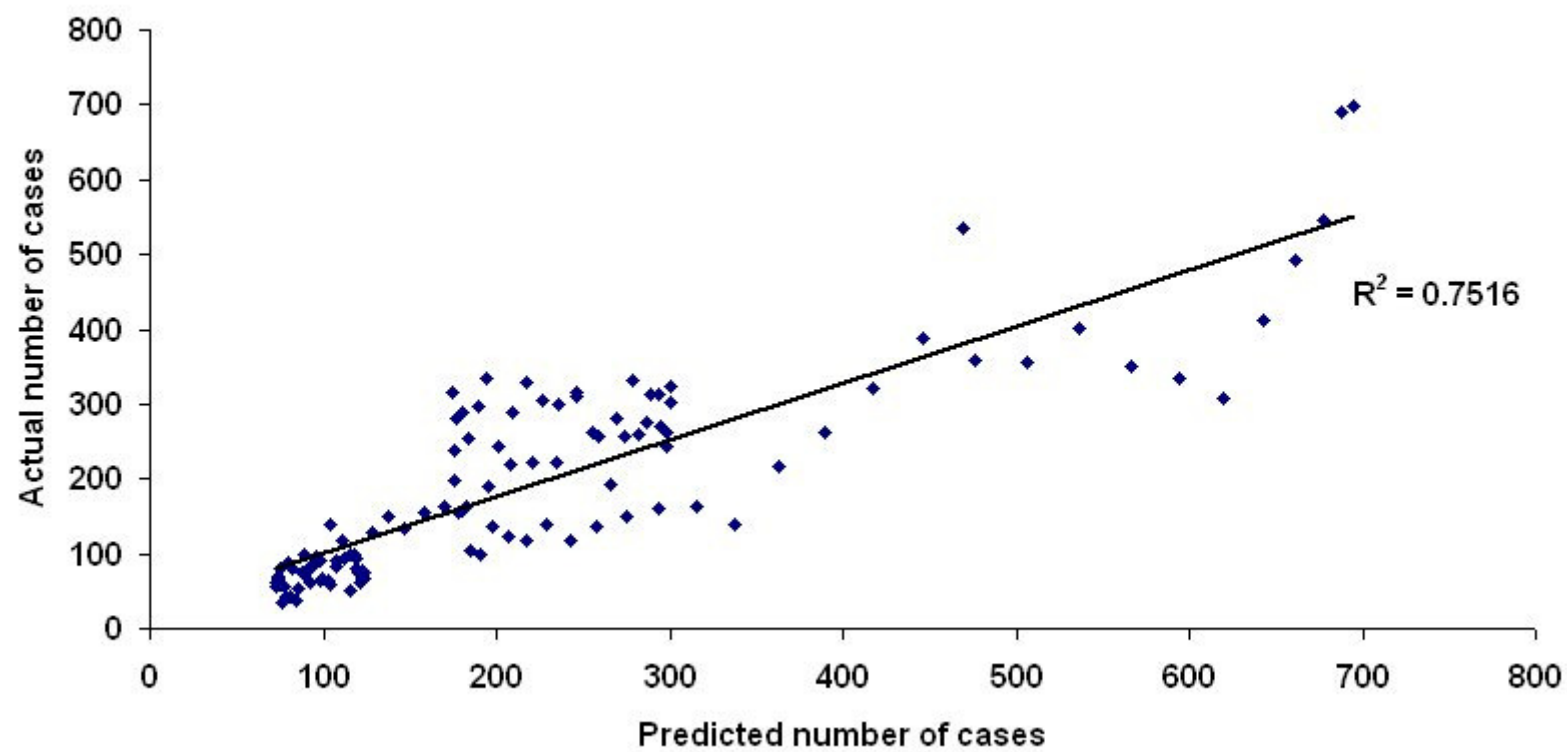
Effects of temperature

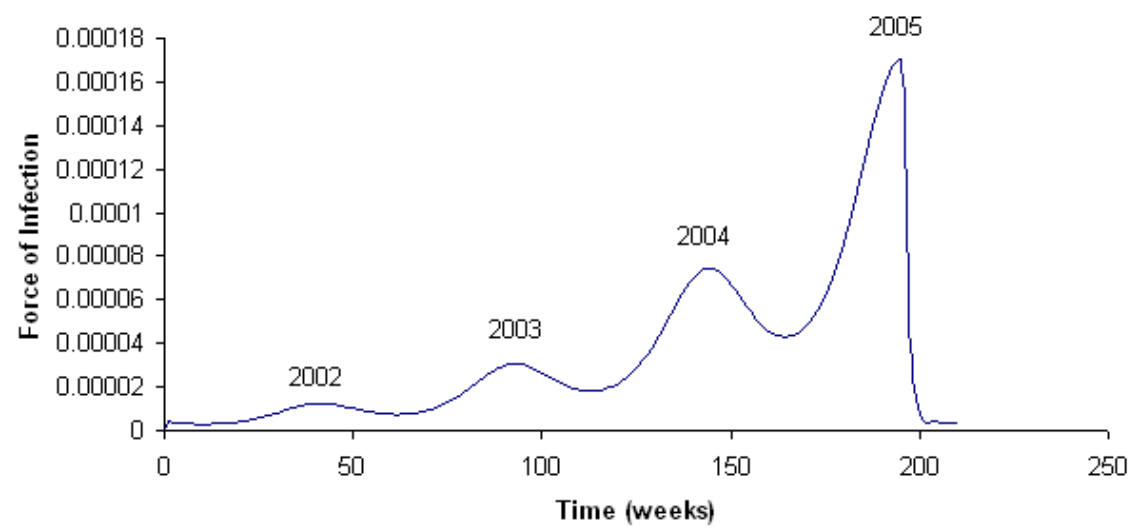




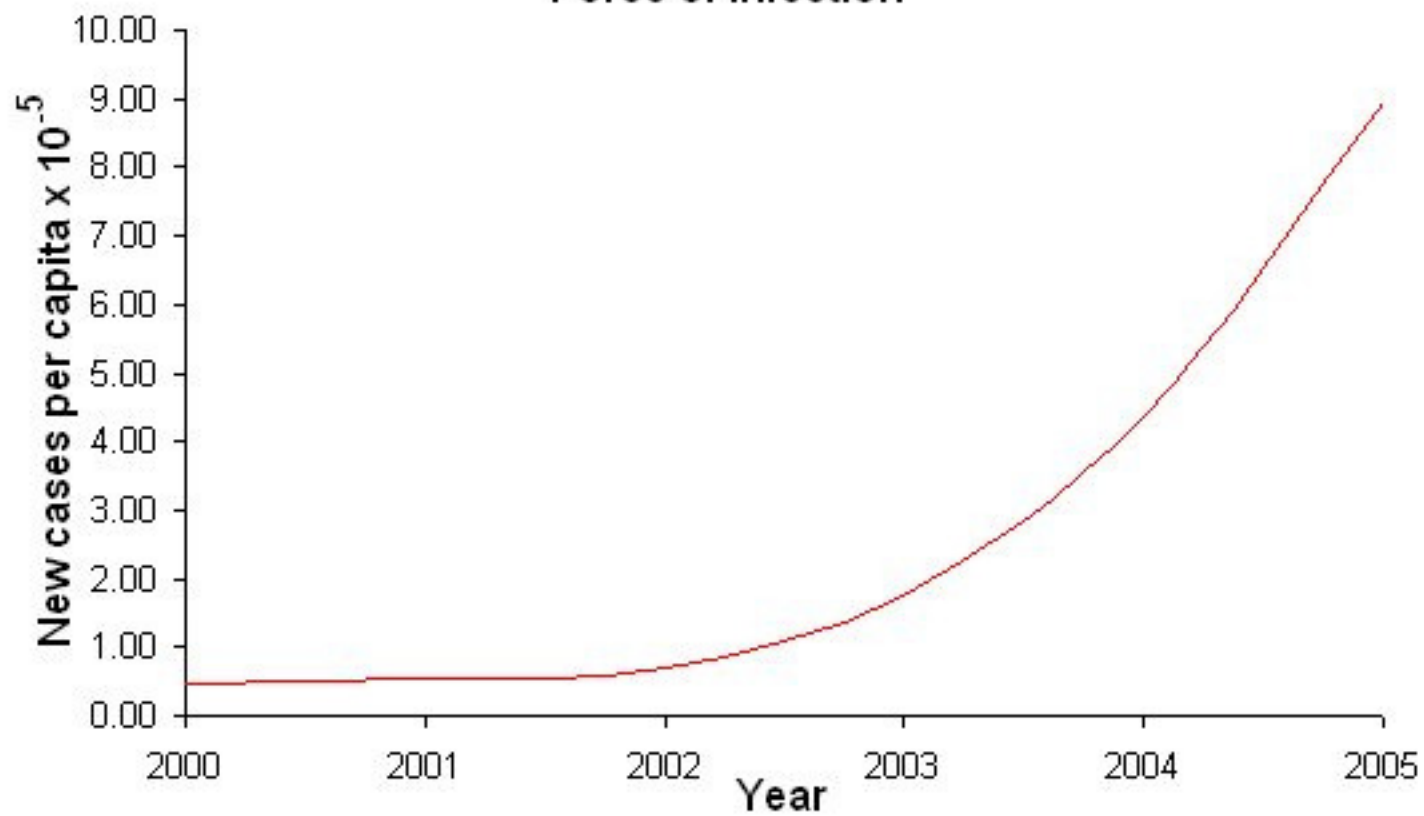


Model's accuracy

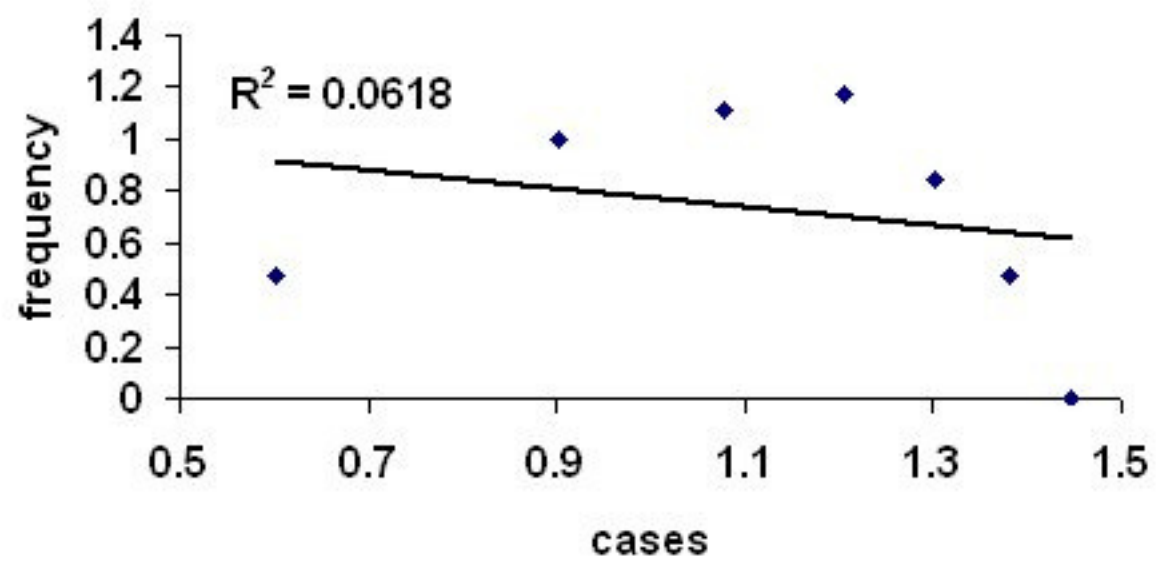




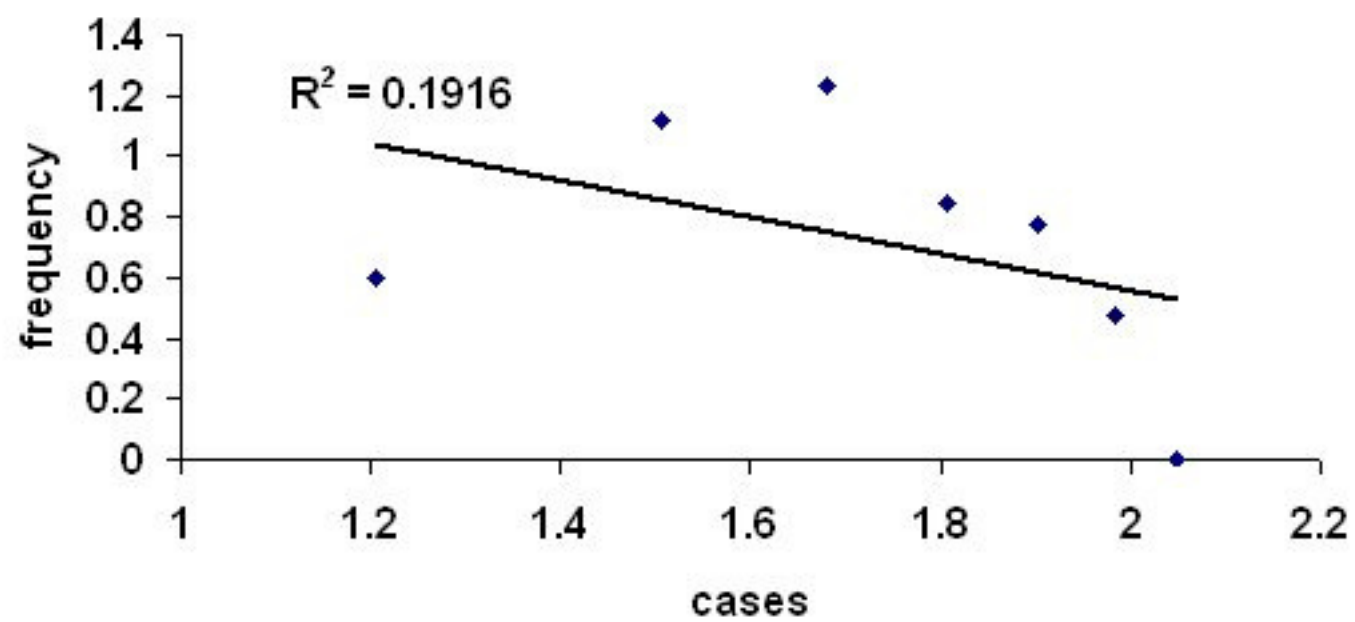
Force of Infection



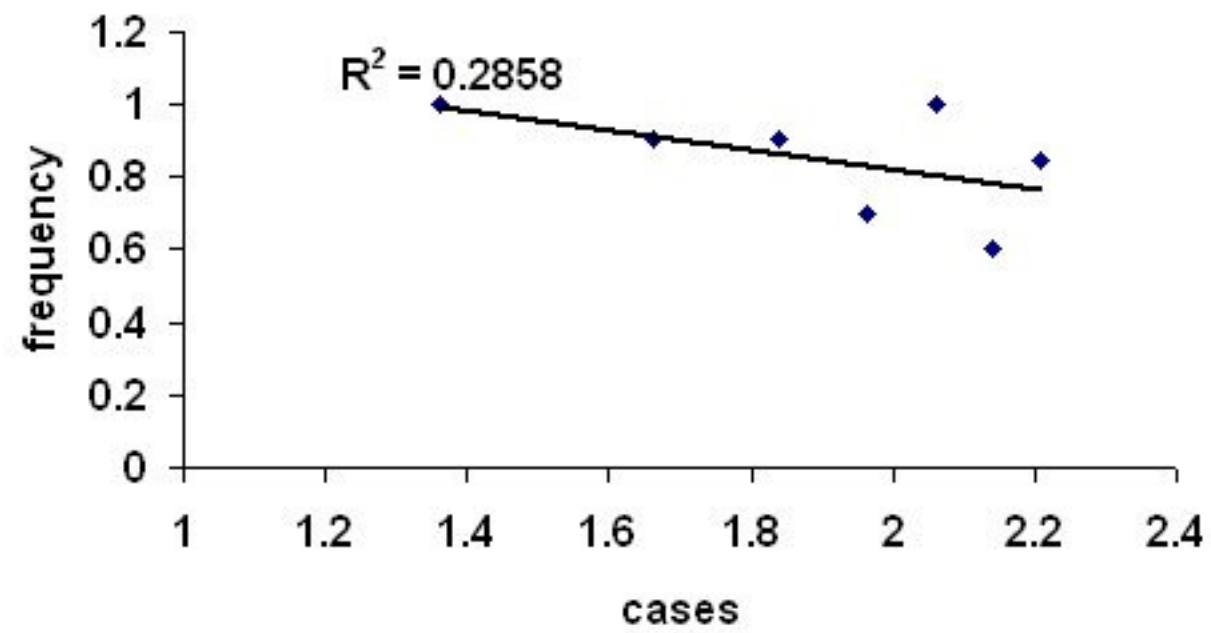
2000

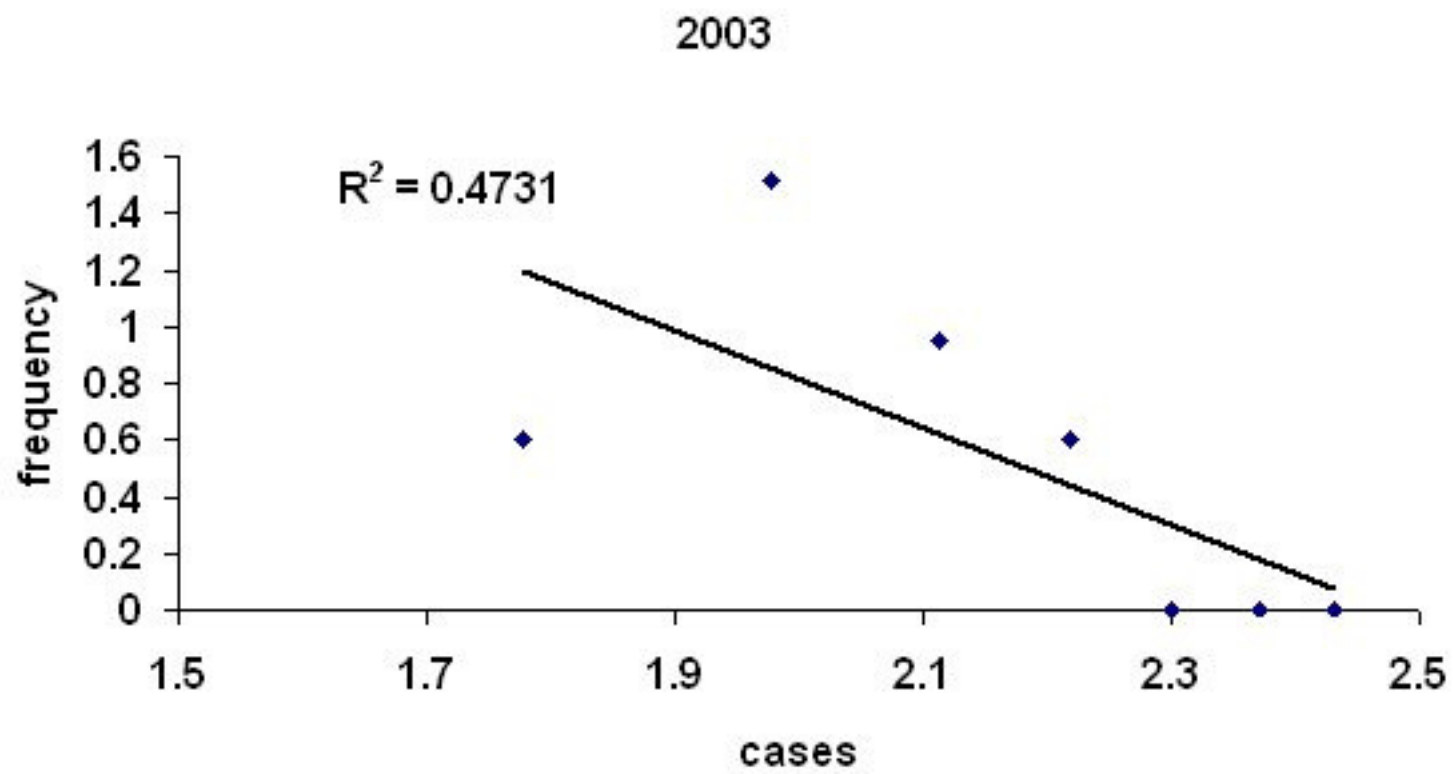


2001

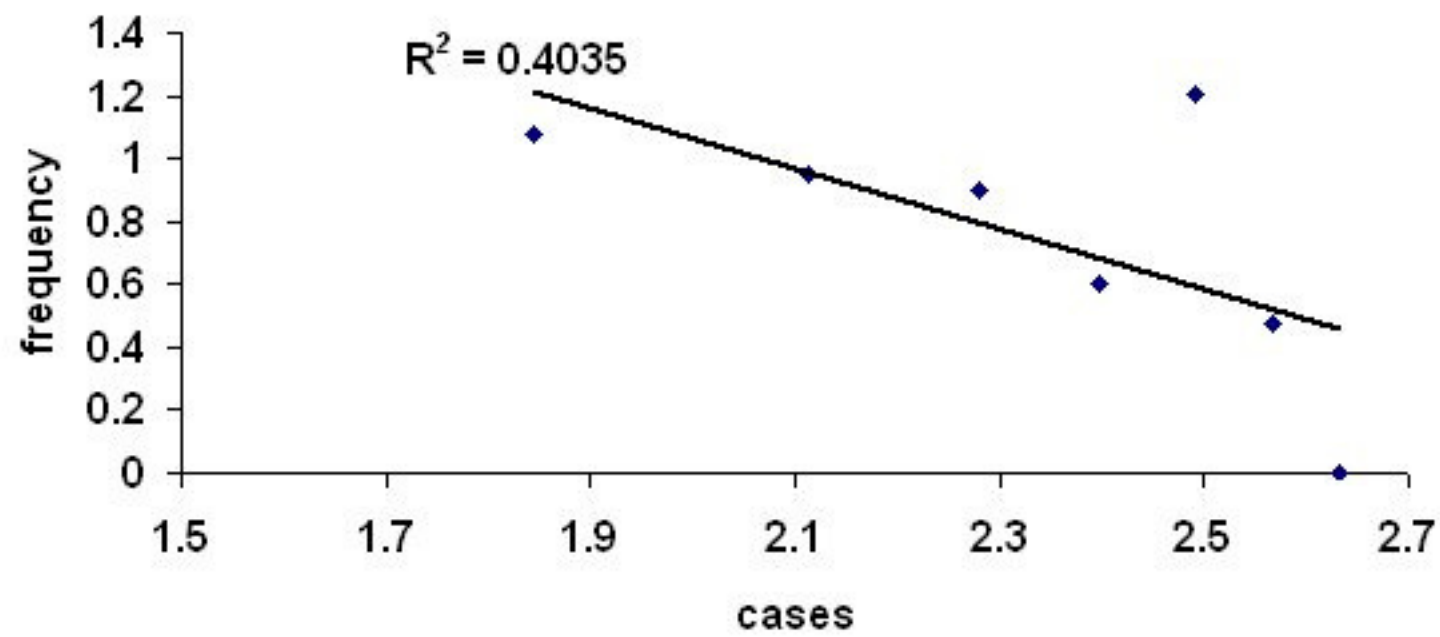


2002

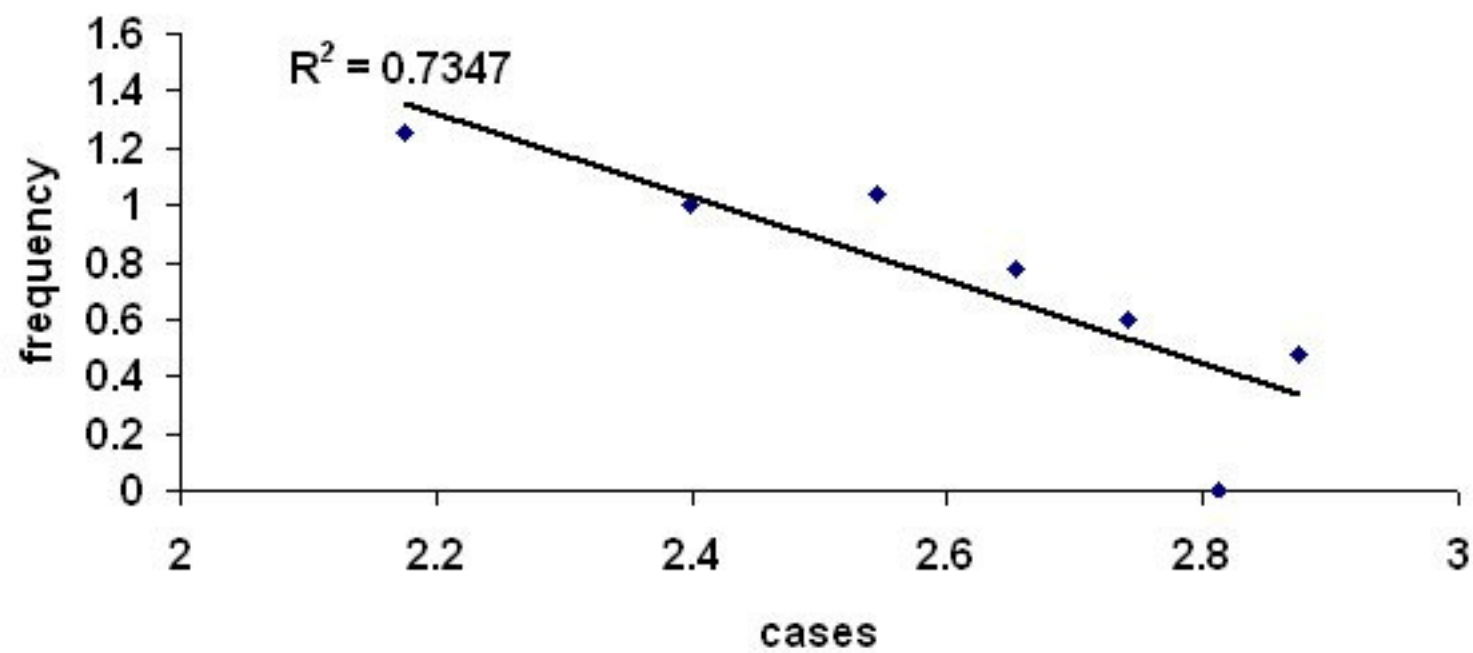




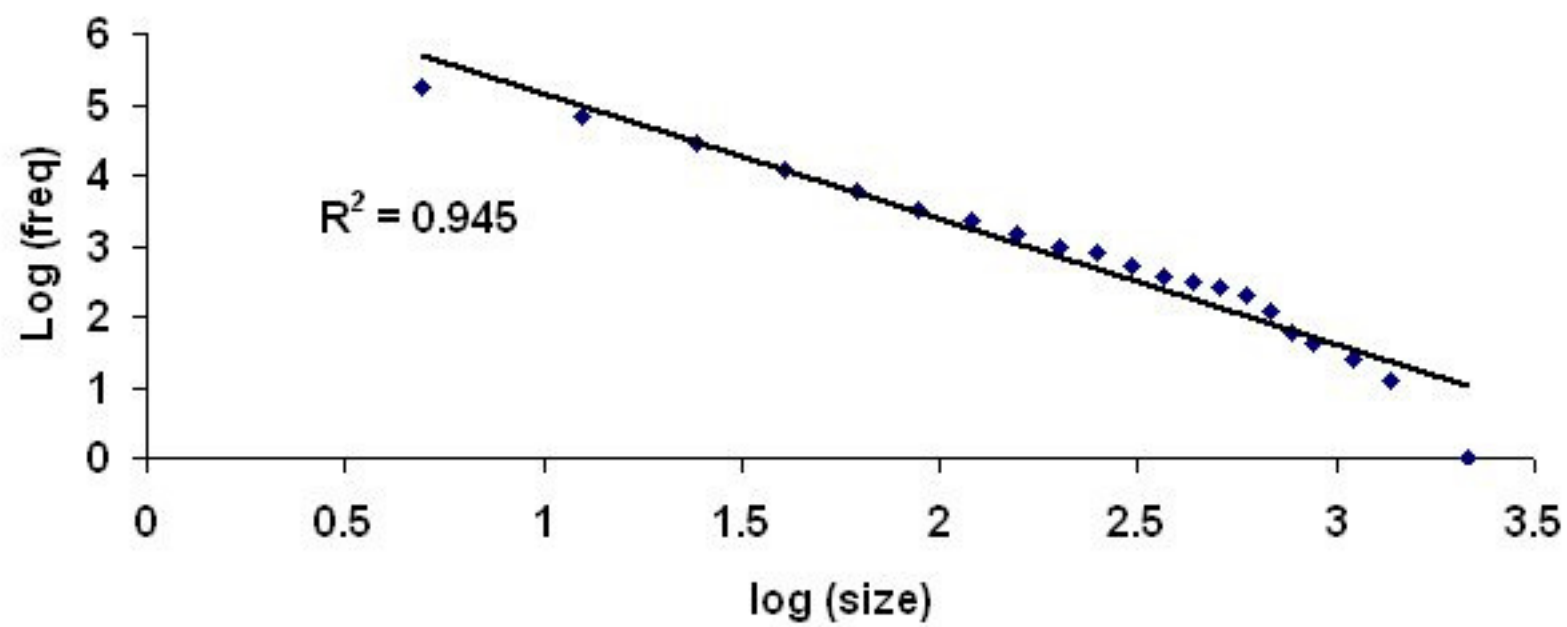
2004



2005



Cases Clusters Distribution



$$\lambda(t) = ab \int_0^t \frac{S_M(s)}{N_H(s)} ds \int_0^t \frac{I_M(s)}{N_M(s)} ds$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho_{\kappa}(t)}{\partial t} = -\rho_{\kappa}(t) + \lambda \kappa [1 - \rho_{\kappa}(t)] \Theta(\lambda)$$

$$\rho \cong 2 \exp \left[- \frac{1}{m \lambda} \right]$$

Density of Infected Nodes

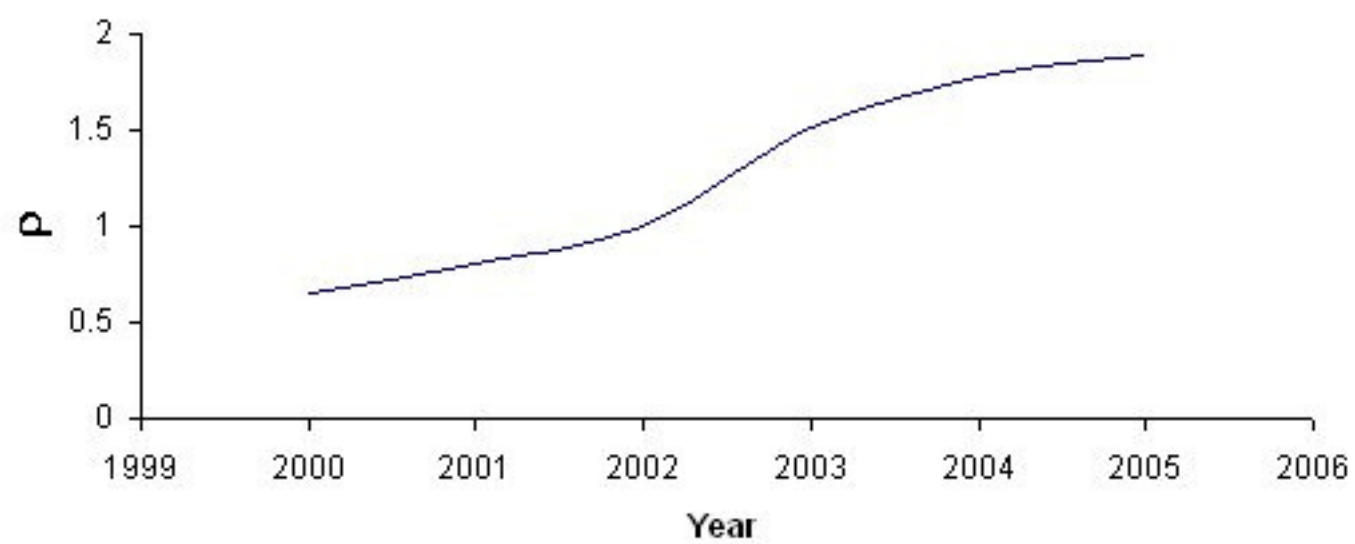


DIAGRAMA Nº 1

FEMEA DE STEGOMYIA VISTA LATERAL

