## F28PL1 Programming Languages

Tutorial 10
Write Prolog programs to:

1) generate a list of $N$ copies of variable $V$

- the list from 0 is empty
- the list from $N$ has $V$ in the head and $N-1$ copies of $V$ in the tail

2) generate a descending list of halves of integers from $N$ to 1:

- the list from 0 is empty
- the list from $N$ has half $N$ in the head and the list of halves from $N-1$ to 0 in the tail

3) generate an ascending list of all the squares of integers from M to N :

- if M is bigger than N then the list is empty
- otherwise, the list has $M$ in the head and all the squares from $M+1$ to $N$ in the tail

4) A box may be described by its colour, length, breadth and height.

The red box is $3 \mathrm{~cm} * 4 \mathrm{~cm} * 5 \mathrm{~cm}$. The blue box is $5 \mathrm{~cm} * 8 \mathrm{~cm}$ * 10 cm . The yellow box is $9 \mathrm{~cm} * 15 \mathrm{~cm} * 2 \mathrm{~cm}$. The green box is $11 \mathrm{~cm} * 12 \mathrm{~cm} * 13 \mathrm{~cm}$. The white box is $19 \mathrm{~cm} * 1 \mathrm{~cm} * 4 \mathrm{~cm}$. The black box is $3 \mathrm{~cm} * 11 \mathrm{~cm} * 12 \mathrm{~cm}$. The orange box is 1 cm * 2 cm * 1 cm .

Assuming box facts are in the database, write Prolog rules to find lists of:
i) the volumes of the boxes;
ii) the longest box;
iii) the boxes which can fit inside each other.

