

Exercises 7

- (1) Find the Hamming distance between 11000 and 11000 and between 1100101 and 0111011.
- (2) Below you will find listed four codes. Show that each code is linear, find generator and parity check matrices, and determine the parameters of each code (n, k, d) .

Code 1

0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

Code 2

0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	0	0	0

Code 3

0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1

Code 4

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\
1 & 1 & 1 & 1
\end{array}$$

- (3) Let $\mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{Z}_2^n$. Define $S(\mathbf{v}, r)$ to be the set of all vectors \mathbf{u} such that $d(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}) \leq r$. This is called a *sphere of radius r centered on \mathbf{v}* .

- (a) How many elements does the set $S(\mathbf{v}, r)$ contain?
 (b) Let $C \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_2^n$ be a code containing M elements. Suppose that C can correct up to t errors. Prove the *Hamming bound*

$$M(1 + \binom{n}{1} + \binom{n}{2} + \dots + \binom{n}{t}) \leq 2^n$$

- (c) Show that for the Hamming codes the above inequality is in fact an equality. Codes such as this are said to be *perfect*.
 (d) Is there a linear code with the parameters $(21, 14, 5)$?
 (e) A college wants to issue ID numbers in the form of binary strings n bits long to 100 students. Students are likely to make errors when typing these ID's and so it has been decided that a 2-error correcting code should be used. What is the smallest value of n for which this is possible?