

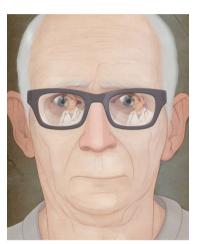


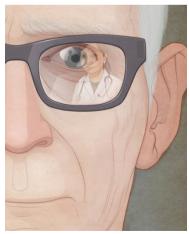
Acorformed Project Data-Driven Model of Virtual Patient for doctor social training

Catherine Pelachaud CNRS-LTCI, Télécom-ParisTech

Context

☐ Impact of breaking bad news





- ✓ Disease evolution
- ✓ Adherence with treatment recommendation
- ✓ Side effects of the medication
- ✓ Survival probability

. . .





HAUTE AUTORITÉ DE SANTÉ

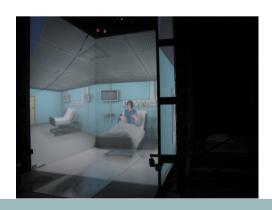
French High Authority of Healthcare

> Workshop: simulation with actors

General objectives of the Project

☐ To train doctors with virtual patient

- > « Natural » interaction
 - ✓ Real situation
 - ✓ Natural language interaction
 - ✓ Multi-modality
- > Behavioral measures of performance
- > Different degrees of immersion

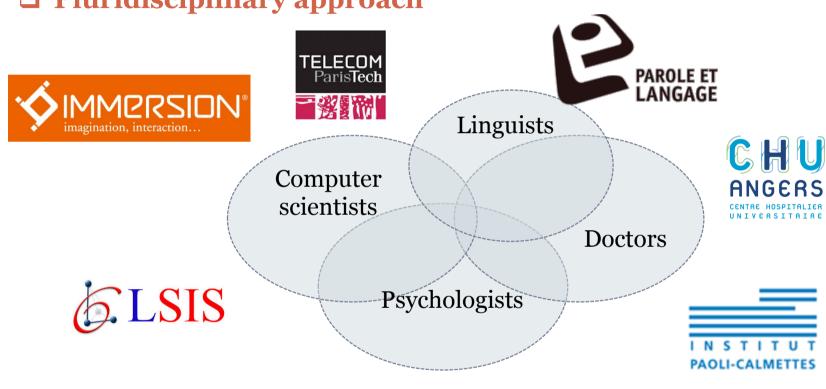






Methodology

☐ Pluridisciplinary approach





Acorformed Project Virtual Reality for Training Doctors to Break Bad News

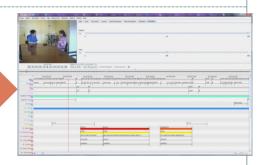






Corpus of doctor training













Verbal and nonverbal annotations



Speech reco. Eyes Tracker **Facial** expressions detection







Virtual patient's behavior model



Methodology

□ Model *based on real data*

- ✓ Audio-visual corpus ofdoctors-patient interaction
 - 22 simulations (5h45 of video) 7mn à 25 mn
 - Types of patients (conciliant, agressif, etc.)
 - *Undesirable events (death, digestive perforation, etc.)*





- ✓ Instructions provided to actors
- ✓ Description of the area of breaking bad news







Analyze of real data





Linguists

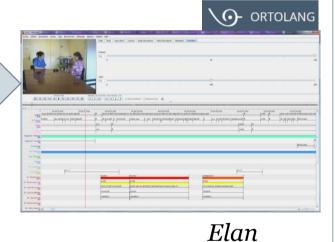
Computer scientists





Annotation and transcription

Gestures, feedbacks, gaze, smiles, dialog acts



Intra- and Inter-relations between modalities of patient/doctor

ex. what triggers a feedback of the patient? How quickly? Duration?

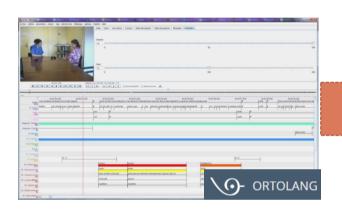
Automatic extraction of inter/ intra modalities relations



The Virtual Patient



☐ Stochastic model of the virtual patient's behavior



Automatic extraction

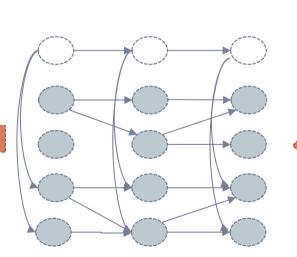
Intra- and Inter-relations between modalities of patient/doctor

ex. what triggers a feedback of the patient? How quickly? Duration?













The virtual patient



☐ The virtual patient





✓ « Believable » virtual environement

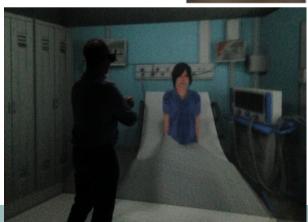
- Appereance of the virtual patient
- Area of breaking bad news















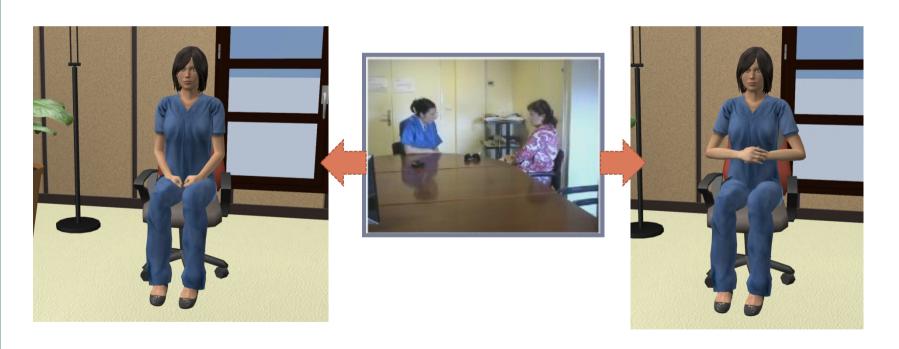
The virtual patient



☐ The virtual patient

✓ Librairy of specific non-verbal behaviors

Identification and simulation of stereotypic gestures of the corpus





The dialog model









Speech recognition



- <variable id="current_phase <value>0-Initialisation</value>

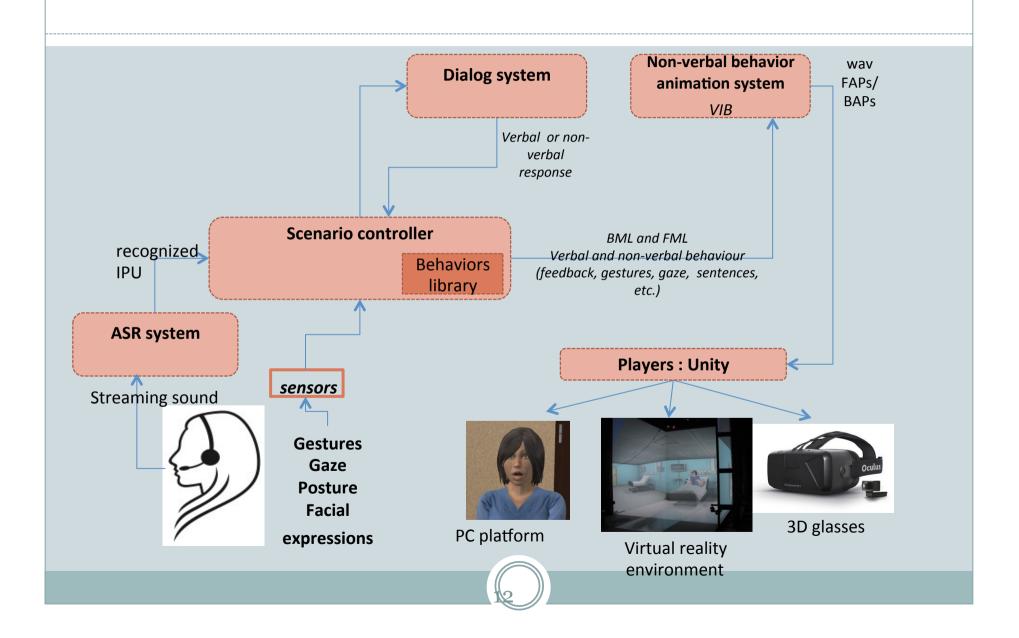
✓ « Pre-defined» Scenario of 15mn

- Digestive perforation -

```
OpenDial
```

```
</variable>
</initialstate>
   <!-- model répondant à une uttérance du doteur -->
<model trigger="u_u">
       <!-- phase 0 : salutation -->
  - <rule>
          <!-- doctor's salutation -->
      - <case>
         - conditions
              <if relation="contains" value="bonjour" var="u_u"/>
           </condition>
          - <effect prob="1">
              <set value="Greeting(patient)" var="a_u"/>
           </effect>
       </case>
    </rule>
          <!-- 1a - État : Alors, madame Brun, comment vous vous sentez ? Les anti-douleurs vous soulagent ?
              <if relation="contains" value="vous sentez(-| )vous" var="u_u"/>
              <if relation="contains" value="vous vous sentez" var="u_u"/>
              <if relation="contains" value="anti(-| )?douleur(s)?" var="u_u"/>
           </condition>
          - <effect prob="1">
              <set value="Ask(feeling)" var="a_u"/>
              <set value="1a-État" var="current_phase"/>
           </effect>
       </case>
```

Main Architecture













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